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L_2

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$$F_0(x) = \sum_k a_{0,k} \phi_{0,k}(x) \quad L_2 \quad []$$

$$F_{-1}(x) = F_0(x) + \sum_k d_{0,k} \psi_{0,k}(x)$$

$$F_{m-1}(x) = F_m(x) + \sum_k d_{m,k} \psi_{m,k}(x)$$

Haar

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq x < 0.5 \\ -1 & 0.5 \leq x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad ()$$

$$\phi(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad ()$$

[] []

5

[]

$$F(X) \in L^2(\mathbb{R}) \quad [] [] [] []$$

d a

$\psi_{m,k}(x)$

$$F(x) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} d_{m,k} \psi_{m,k}(x) \quad ()$$

$$\psi_{m,k}(x) = 2^{-m/2} \psi(2^{-m}x - k) \quad m, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$F(x)$

$\phi_{0,k}(x)$

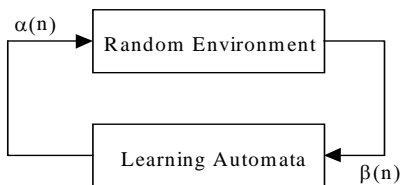
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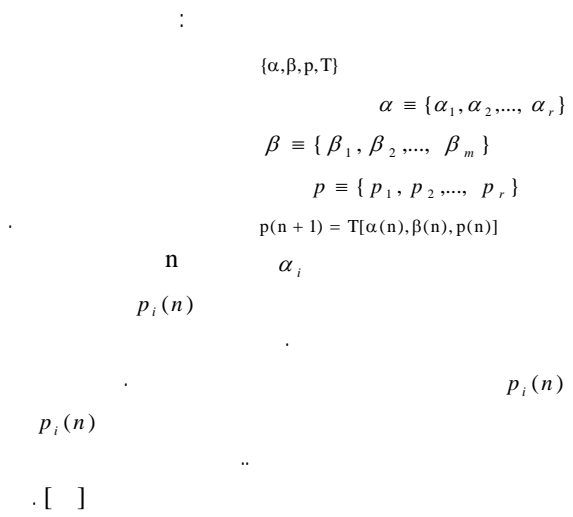
$$F_0(x) = \sum_k a_{0,k} \phi_{0,k}(x) \quad ()$$

$F(x)$

()

$$F_m(x) = F_0(x) + \sum_m \sum_k d_{m,k} \psi_{m,k}(x)$$



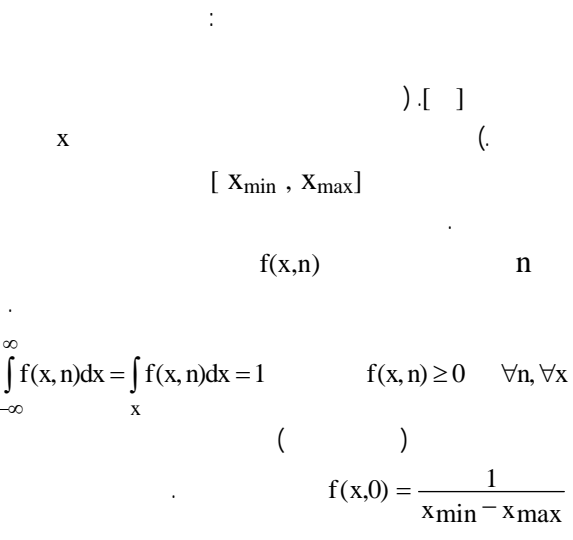
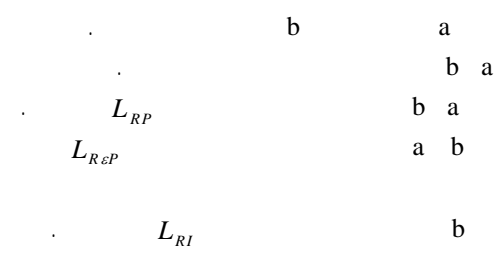


$$p_i(n+1) = p_i(n) + a[1 - p_i(n)]$$

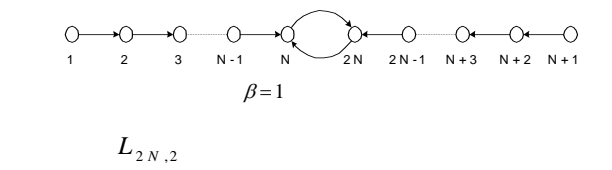
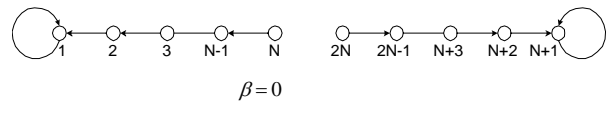
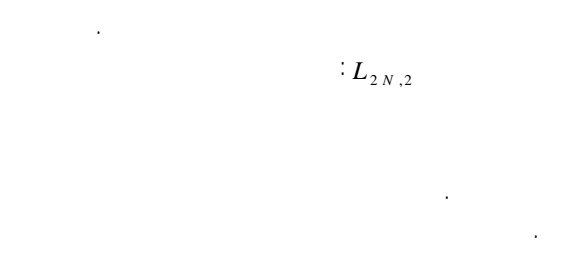
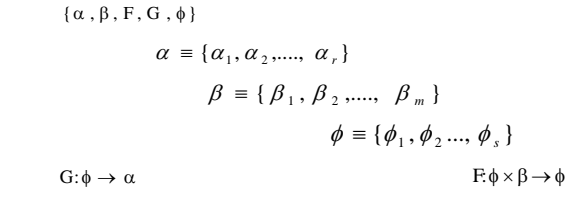
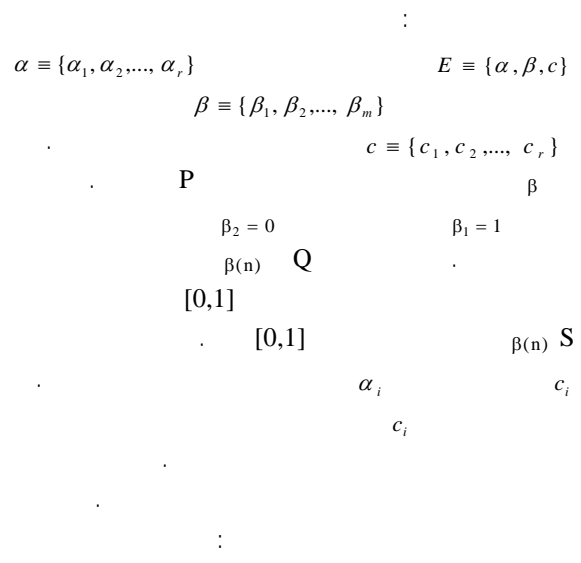
$$p_j(n+1) = (1-a)p_j(n) \quad j \neq i \quad \forall j$$

$$p_i(n+1) = (1-b)p_i(n)$$

$$p_j(n+1) = \frac{b}{r-1} + (1-b)p_j(n) \quad \forall j \quad j \neq i$$



- Variable Structure
- Linear Reward Pealty
- Linear Reward Epsilon Penalty
- Linear Reward Inaction



- Environment
- Unfavorable
- Stationary
- Non-Stationary
- Fixed Structure
- Actions

$$J(\Theta, x_k, y_k)$$

$$\Theta$$

$$[\] [\]$$

$$F(x)$$

$$F(x) \quad m = 0$$

$$F_0(x) = \sum_k a_{0,k} \phi_{0,k}(x)$$

$$m$$

$$F_{m-1}(x) = F_m(x) + \sum_k d_{m,k} \psi_{m,k}(x)$$

$$[\] \quad F(x)$$

$$a_{m,k} = \langle \phi_{m,k}(x), F(x) \rangle$$

$$d_{m,k} = \langle \psi_{m,k}(x), F(x) \rangle$$

$$[\] \quad z(n)$$

$$x(n)$$

$$\int f(x, n) dx = z(n)$$

$$x \min$$

$$x(n)$$

$$\beta(n)$$

$$\beta(n)$$

$$f(x, n)$$

$$f(x, n) = \begin{cases} a[f(x, n) + \beta H(x, r)] & \text{if } x \in X \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$H(x, r) = \lambda \exp\left(-\frac{(x-r)^2}{2\delta^2}\right)$$

$$\alpha$$

$$x \max$$

$$\int f(x, n) dx = 1$$

$$x \min$$

$$\delta \lambda$$

$$[\] [\] [\]$$

L2

$$X = [x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n]^T$$

$$F = [f(x_1), f(x_2), \dots, f(x_n)]^T$$

$$c \quad d \quad a \quad \theta(x)$$

$$K \quad \bar{F}(x) = \sum_{k=1}^K c_k \theta_k(x)$$

$$F_0$$

$$F_{m-1}(x) = F_m + \sum_k c_{m,k} \psi_{m,k} \quad m, k \in Z$$

$$F_{m-1} \quad F_m$$

$$\bar{F}(X) = F(X) - F_m(X)$$

$$\bar{F}(X) = AC$$

$$C$$

$$A$$

$$C = ((AA^T A)^{-1}) A^T \bar{F} = A^+ \bar{F}$$

$$A^T A$$

$$C = A^T \bar{F}$$

$$F_0$$

$$F_0$$

$$F_{-1} \quad m = -1$$

$$m = 0$$

$$F_2$$

$$a_{m,k}$$

$$d_{m,k}$$

$$F(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \psi\left(\frac{x-t_i}{s_i}\right) + \bar{f}$$

$$\bar{f}$$

$$w, t_i, s_i$$

$$F(x)$$

$$\Theta$$

$$[w_i, t_i, s_i]$$

$$y_k \quad x_k$$

$$N_{\Theta}(x)$$

$$J(\Theta, x_k, y_k)$$

$$J(\Theta, x_k, y_k) = \frac{1}{2} [N_{\Theta}(x_k) - y_k]^2$$

[]

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(n)} \\
 & \text{m} \\
 & A(n) = \{k_1(n), k_2(n), \dots, k_m(n)\} \\
 & \text{n} \quad k_i \quad f_i(k_i, n) \quad L2 \\
 & i=1..m \quad f_i(k_i, n)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & z_i(n) : \\
 & k_i \in A(n) : \\
 & \int_{x_i \min}^{k_i(n)} f(x, n) dx = z_i(n) \\
 & \beta(n) : \\
 & f_i(k_i, n) : \quad L_{RP}
 \end{aligned}$$

[]

$$\begin{aligned}
 & N \\
 & P_i \\
 & \{k_{\min}, k_{\max}\} = 1/N
 \end{aligned}$$

(CSTR)¹⁸

k_c
 k_c

$$\text{Rate} = -k_0 C V e^{-\frac{E}{RT}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & C \quad k_0 \quad V \\
 & \text{Rate} \quad T \quad E/R
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F_1(x) = \sum_j c_{1,j} \theta_{1,j}(x)$$

$$e = F(x) - F_1(x)$$

[]

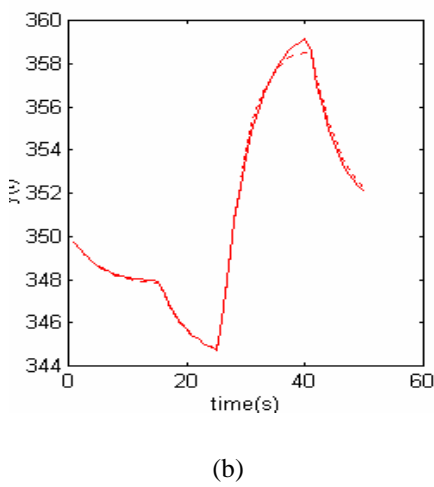
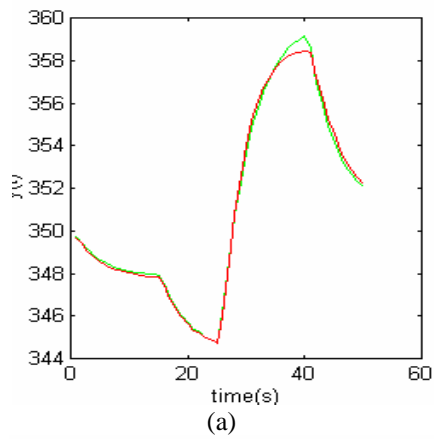
$L_{2N,2}$

k

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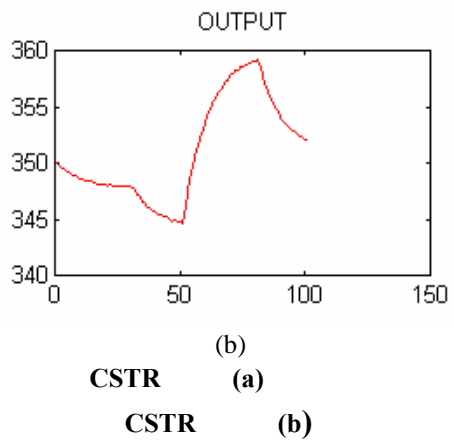
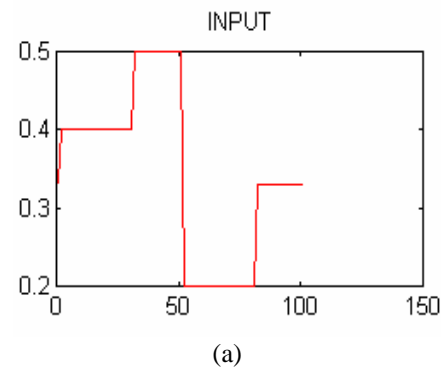
INPUT

b a

a = 0.5, b = 0.5

OUTPUT

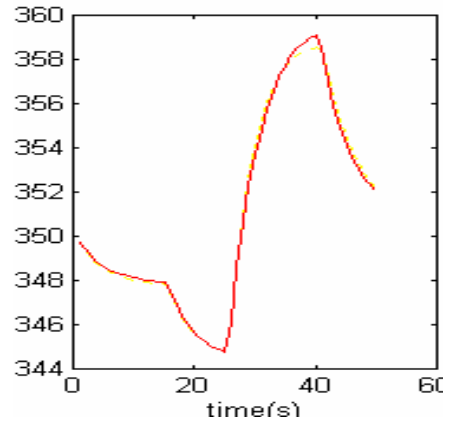
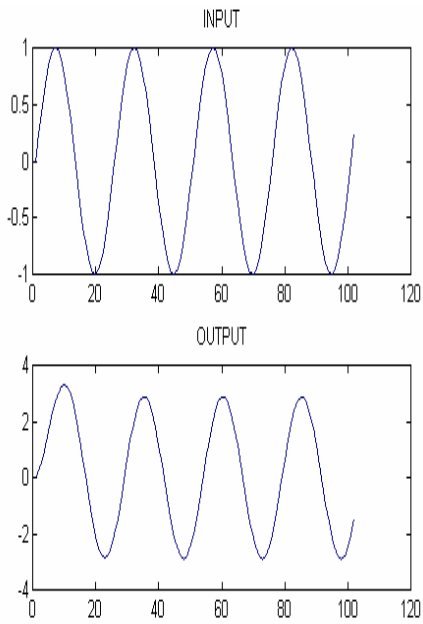
L₂



CSTR

CSTR (b)

b a



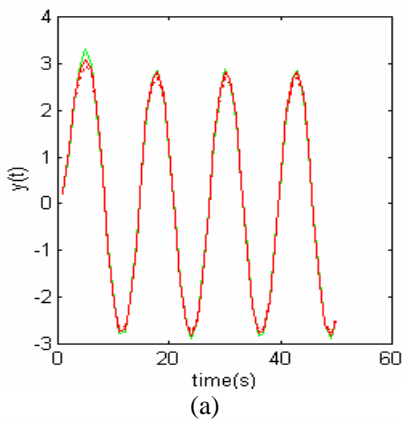
(c)

: (b)

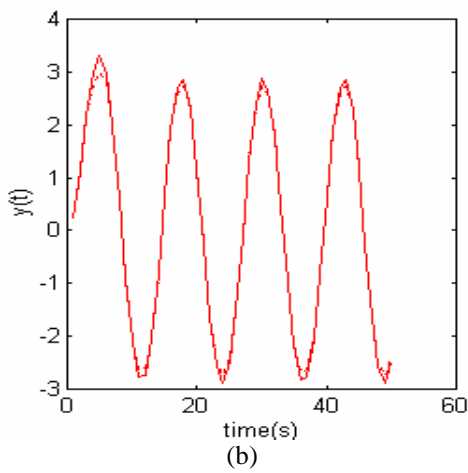
: (a)

: (c)

()



(a)



(b)

$$y_p(k+1) = f[y_p(k), y_p(k-1)] + u(k)$$

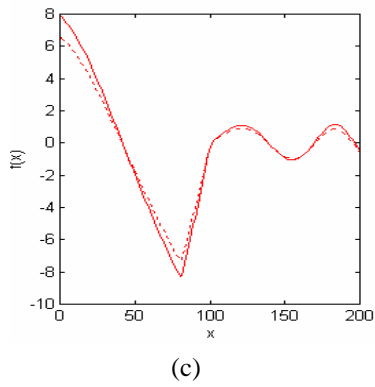
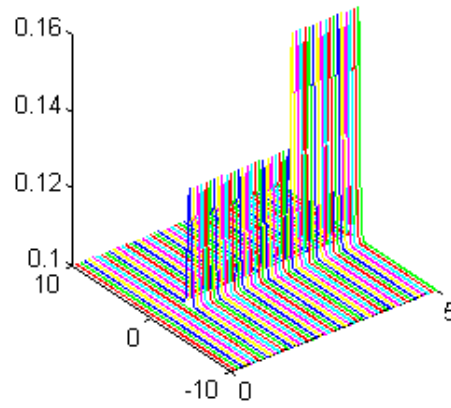
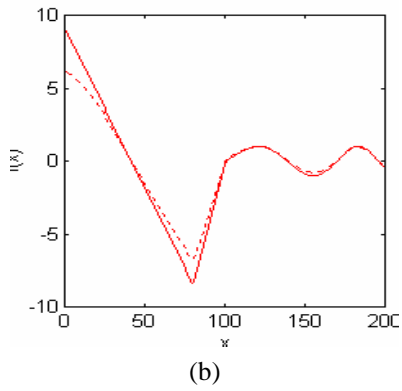
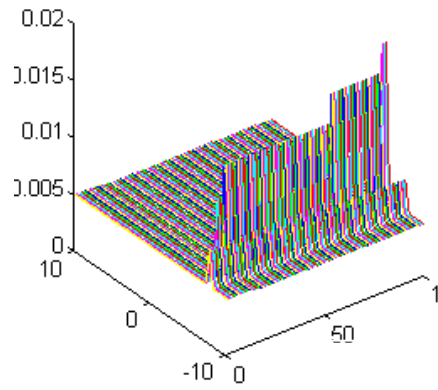
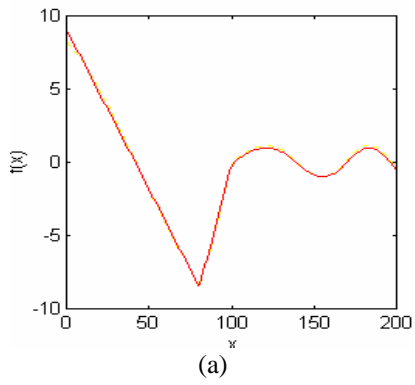
$$f[y_p(k), y_p(k-1)] =$$

$$(y_p(k)y_p(k-1)[y_p(k) + 25]) / (1 + y_p^2(k) + y_p^2(k-1))$$

$$u(k) = \sin(2\pi k / 25)$$

[]

b a



:(a)
:(b)
:(c)

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$x=[-10,10]$ $F(x) = (x_1^2 - x_2^2) \sin(0.5 x_1)$

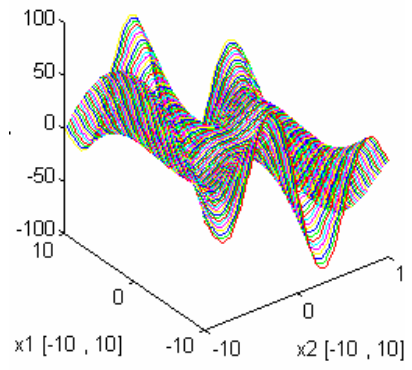
$\psi(x) = x_1 x_2 \text{Exp}(-\frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 - x_2^2))$

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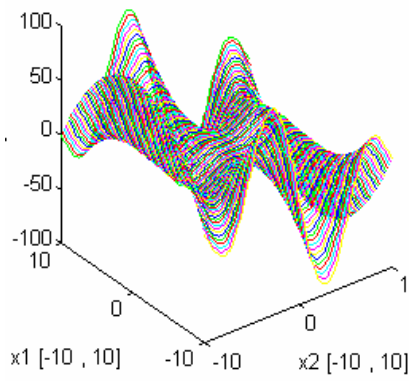
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(c)

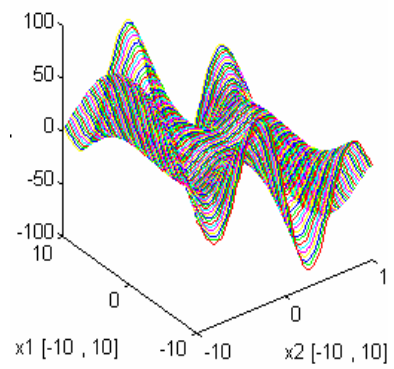
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(a)



(b)



(c)

(b)

(a)

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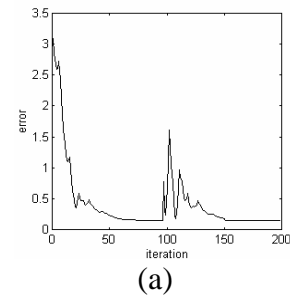
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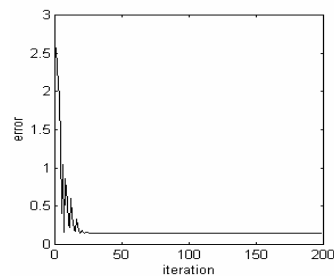
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(a)



(b)

: (b) : (a)

مراجع

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